Software Update Solutions for the Yocto Project and OpenEmbedded

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Konsulko Group



- Services company specializing in Embedded Linux and Open Source Software
- Hardware/software build, design, development, and training services
- Based in San Jose, CA with an engineering presence worldwide
- http://konsulko.com/

Agenda



- The Yocto Project and OpenEmbedded
- Challenges for software updates of embedded Linux devices
- Overview of open source software update solutions
- Closer look at Mender.io, RAUC and libostree (OSTree)
- Conclusions
- Q&A

Embedded Linux Devices



Embedded Linux devices dominate various different industries. To save time and money, best practices are to create a custom distribution based on proven:

- Build system
- Software update mechanism

The Yocto Project



- Open source collaborative project of the Linux foundation for creating custom Linux-based systems for embedded devices using the OpenEmbedded Build System
- OpenEmbedded Build System includes BitBake and OpenEmbedded Core
- Poky is a reference distribution of the Yocto Project provided as metadata, without binary files, to bootstrap your own distribution for embedded devices
- Bi-annual release cycle
- Long term support (LTS) release covering two-year period

Yocto Project Releases



Codename	Version	Release Date	Support Level
Gatesgarth	3.2	Oct 2020	Dev
Dunfell	3.1	April 2020	Long Term Stable
Zeus	3.0	October 2019	Community
Warrior	2.7	April 2019	EOL
Thud	2.6	Nov 2018	EOL
Sumo	2.5	April 2018	EOL
Rocko	2.4	Oct 2017	EOL

Yocto/OE Recipes and Layers



- Recipe: The most common form of metadata. A recipe contains instructions as a list of settings and tasks for building packages that are then used to build the binary image. A recipe describes source code source, additional patches, dependencies for libraries or for other recipes as well as configuration and compilation options.
- **Layer**: A collection of related recipes and configurations. Layers also isolate information used when building for multiple architectures. Layers are hierarchical in their ability to override previous specifications.
- Documentation: https://www.yoctoproject.org/docs/latest/mega-manual/mega-manual.html

Things to Consider for Software Updates (1/2)



- Are there any limitations of the disk space for the downloaded updates?
- Are there any limitations of the network bandwidth for the data transfer?
- Do you need a container-based solution?
- Do you need A/B or binary delta updates?
- How to upgrade: over the air, cable, USB stick, etc?
- Is the device mission critical?

Things to Consider for Software Updates (2/2)



- Is there Yocto/OpenEmbedded BSP for the hardware you use?
- Is software update technology compatible with the YP, OE and the BSP?
- Which Yocto Project released do you need for your product?
- How to update fleet of devices?

Popular open source solution for updates



- Mender
- RAUC
- SWUpdate
- Swupd
- UpdateHub
- Balena
- Snap

- OSTree
- Aktualizr
- Aktualizr-lite
- QtOTA
- Torizon
- FullMetalUpdate
- Rpm-ostree (used in Project Atomic)

Common Embedded Linux Update Strategies



- A/B updates (dual redundant scheme)
- Delta updates
- Container-based updates
- Combined strategies

Combined Strategies



- Container technology has changed the way application developers interact with the cloud and some of the good practices are nowadays applied to the development workflow for embedded devices and IoT
- Containers make applications faster to deploy, easier to update and more secure through isolation
- Yocto/OE layer meta-virtualization provides support for building Xen, KVM, Libvirt, docker and associated packages necessary for constructing OE-based virtualized solutions
- There are use cases on powerful embedded devices where contains are combined with A/B updates of the base Linux distribution built with Yocto/OE

Mender



- Available as a free open source or paid commercial and enterprise plans
- A/B update scheme for open source and all plans as well as delta updates for professional and enterprise plans
- Back-end services (Hosted Mender)
- Written in Go, Python, JavaScript
- Yocto/OE integration through meta-mender and extra BSP layers: https://github.com/mendersoftware/meta-mender
- Source code in GitHub under Apache 2.0



Mender Supported Devices

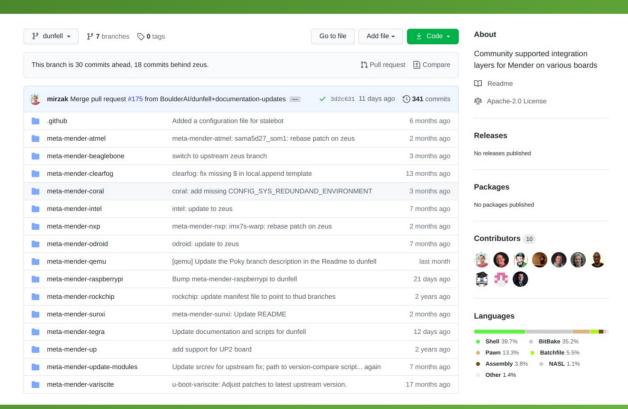


The following hardware platforms and development boards are supported:

- Raspberry Pi
- BeagleBone
- Intel x86-64
- Rockchip
- Allwinner
- NXP
- And more in: https://github.com/mendersoftware/meta-mender-community

meta-mender-community





Mender



Mender A/B updates supports two client modes:

- Managed (default) client running as a daemon polls the server for updates
- Standalone updates are triggered locally which is suitable for physical media or any network update in pull mode

```
SYSTEMD_AUTO_ENABLE_pn-mender = "disable"
```

```
$ cd tmp/deploy/images/raspberrypi4
$ python3 -m http.server
Serving HTTP on 0.0.0.0 port 8000 (http://0.0.0.0:8000/) ...
```

\$ mender -install http://example.com:8000/core-image-base-raspberrypi4.mender

Mender



Steps to install Mender A/B update on embedded Device:

- Apply update
- Reboot
- On the first boot after a successful update, the Mender client will commit the update.



RAUC



- A lightweight update client that runs on an Embedded Linux device and reliably controls the procedure of updating the device with a new firmware revision
- Provides tool for the build system to create, inspect and modify update bundles
- Uses X.509 cryptography to sign update bundles
- Compatible with the Yocto Project, PTXdist and Buildroot



RAUC Licenses



- RAUC LGPLv2.1 https://github.com/rauc/rauc
- meta-rauc MIT https://github.com/rauc/meta-rauc
- rauc-hawkbit LGPLv2.1 https://github.com/rauc/rauc-hawkbit
- rauc-hawkbit-updater LGPLv2.1 https://github.com/rauc/rauc-hawkbit-updater

RAUC Integration Steps



- Select an appropriate bootloader
- Enable SquashFS in the Linux kernel configurations
- ext4 root file system (RAUC does not have an ext2 / ext3 file type)
- Create specific partitions that matches the RAUC slots
- Configure Bootloader environment and create a script to switch RAUC slots
- Create a certificate and a keyring to RAUC's system.conf

RAUC Example with Raspberry Pi 4



- Integration layer: https://github.com/leon-anavi/meta-rauc-community/tree/master/meta-rauc-raspberrypi
- Add layers to bblayers.conf and in local.conf:

```
MACHINE = "raspberrypi4"

DISTRO_FEATURES_append = " systemd"

VIRTUAL-RUNTIME_init_manager = "systemd"

DISTRO_FEATURES_BACKFILL_CONSIDERED = "sysvinit"

VIRTUAL-RUNTIME_initscripts = ""

IMAGE_INSTALL_append = " rauc"

IMAGE_FSTYPES="tar.bz2 ext4 wic.bz2 wic.bmap"

SDIMG_ROOTFS_TYPE="ext4"

ENABLE_UART = "1"

RPI_USE_U_BOOT = "1"

PREFERRED_PROVIDER_virtual/bootloader = "u-boot"

WKS_FILE = "sdimage-dual-raspberrypi.wks"
```

Manual RAUC Update of Raspberry Pi 4

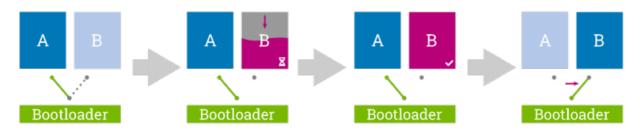


On the build system:

cd tmp/deploy/images/raspberrypi4/ python3 -m http.server

On the embedded device:

wget http://example.com:8000/update-bundle-raspberrypi4.raucb -P /tmp rauc install /tmp/update-bundle-raspberrypi4.raucb reboot



libostree



- A shared library and suite of command line tools for committing and downloading bootable filesystem trees
- Supports "git-like" model for incremental atomic upgrades of a filesystem using binary deltas.
- After an update a reboot is required
- Persistent data is kept in /var and /etc
- Previously was known as **OSTree**
- Exact steps for adapting an existing mainstream GNU/Linux distribution to libostree:
 - https://ostreedev.github.io/ostree/adapting-existing/

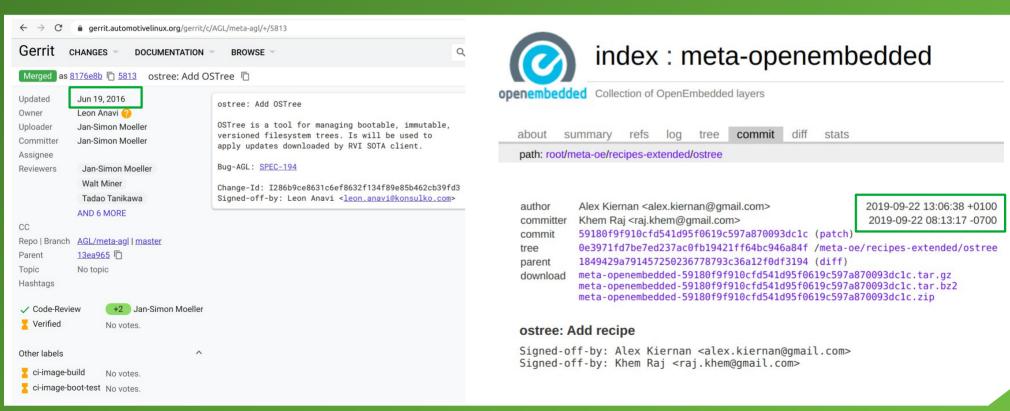
Libostree Source Code



- Written in C
- Language bindings available through GObject Introspection (GI)
- Compatible with multiple bootloader options: GRUB, U-Boot and initramfs
- Source code available at GitHub under GPLv2 license: https://github.com/ostreedev/ostree
- More than 100 contributors
- Documentation: https://ostreedev.github.io/ostree/

OSTree, Yocto and OpenEmbedded





Aktualizr and Aktualizr-lite



- Aktualizr is an open source client for embedded devices relying on OSTree to donwload and install updates. Developer by HERE (which acquired ATS Advanced Telematic Systems GmbH)
- Aktualizr is compatible with GENIVI SOTA and Uptane requirements
- Written in C++
- Source code variable in GitHub under Mozilla Public License 2.0: https://github.com/advancedtelematic/aktualizr
- Aktualizr-lite is an lightweight open source version developer by foundries.io which allows anonymous access and requires devices to be always up to date https://github.com/foundriesio/aktualizr-lite

OSTree Based Solutions for Embedded Linux



- HERE OTA Connect with Aktualizr, meta-updater and appropriate BSP layers for Raspberry Pi, QEMU, Intel x86-64 (Minnowboard), RISC-V, TI and Renesas boards: https://docs.ota.here.com/getstarted/dev/index.html
 On 31 August 2020 HERE removed OTA Connect from their product portfolio
- Automotive Grade Linux (AGL) agl-sota feature based on meta-updater: https://wiki.automotivelinux.org/subsystem/agl-sota/ostree
- Foundies.io with Aktualizr-lite, meta-updater and meta-lmp https://docs.foundries.io/latest/
- **Torizon OTA** for Toradex Apalis, Colibri and Verdin i.MX devices with eMMC, using Aktualizr and layer meta-toradex-torizon https://labs.toradex.com/projects/torizon-over-the-air

More OSTree Based Solutions



- QtOTA https://doc.qt.io/QtOTA/
- Gnome Continuous https://wiki.gnome.org/Projects/GnomeContinuous
- Project Atomic https://www.projectatomic.io/
- Flatpak https://flatpak.org/
- Pulp Platform https://pulpproject.org/

Eclipse hawkBit

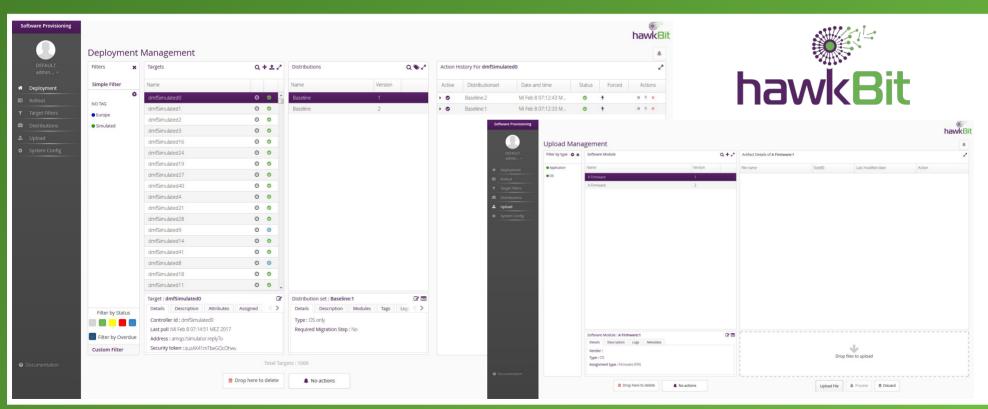


- Domain independent back-end framework for rolling out software updates to constrained edge devices as well as more powerful controllers and gateways connected to IP based networking infrastructure
- Written in Java
- Available in GitHub under EPL-1.0 License
- Compatible with RAUC and SWUpdate
- https://www.eclipse.org/hawkbit/



Eclipse hawkBit





Conclusions



- Most open source solutions for software updates already have support for the Yocto Project and OpenEmbedded
- It is recommended to use actively maintained Yocto released, for example a LTS
- Software updates depend on the bootloader, U-Boot is often preferred
- Mender is an excellent choice for A/B updates, alternatives are RAUC and SWUpdate
- Libostree is commonly used as a core technology in the various open source solutions for delta updates
- Combining A/B updates of the host OS with containers from meta-virtualization is nowadays also often used for embedded Linux devices

Recommended Related Talks

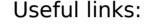


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- A Comparison of Linux Software Update Technologies, Matt Porter, ELCE 2016
 https://www.konsulko.com/portfolio-item/comparison-of-linux-software-update-technologies/
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Thank You!







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- https://rauc.io/
- https://ostreedev.github.io/ostree/
- https://sbabic.github.io/swupdate/swupdate.html
- https://wiki.automotivelinux.org/agl-distro/libostree-demo
- https://docs.ota.here.com/ota-client/latest/index.html
- https://www.konsulko.com/getting-started-with-rauc-on-raspberry-pi-2/



